

Product Specification

Model Name	S043QWQ49HG
Description	Standard LCD Module 4.3" WQVGA 480(RGB)x272 Dots
Date	2016/12/20
Version	1.0

Approved by/Date	Check by/Date	Prepared by/Date
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Customer Approval	
Date	

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1. Record of Revision

[illegible]

2. General Specifications

Feature		Spec
Characteristics	Size	4.3 inch
	Resolution	480(horizontal)*272(Vertical)
	Interface	RGB-24bit
	Connect type	Connector
	Display Colors	16.7M
	Technology type	a-Si
	Pixel pitch (mm)	0.198*0.198
	Pixel Configuration	R.G.B.-Stripe
	Display Mode	Normally White
	Driver IC	ILI6480
	Viewing Direction	12 O'clock
Mechanical	LCM (W x H x D) (mm)	105.50*67.20*2.95
	Active Area(mm)	95.04*53.86
	With /Without TSP	Without RTP
	Weight (g)	TBD
	LED Numbers	10 LEDs

Note 1: Requirements on Environmental Protection: RoHs

Note 2: LCM weight tolerance: +/- 5%

3. Input/Output Terminals

No.	Symbol	Description
1	VBL-	Backlight LED Cathode
2	VBL+	Backlight LED Anode.
3	GND	System Ground
4	VDD	Power supply for logic operation
5~12	R0~R7	Data bus
13~20	G0~G7	Data bus
21~28	B0~B7	Data bus
29	GND	System Ground
30	DCLK	Pixel clock signal
31	DISP	Display on/off control
32	HSYNC	Horizontal Sync signal
33	VSYN	Vertical Sync signal
34	DE	Data Enable
35	NC	No connect
36	GND	System Ground
37	XR/NC	The right side signal of TP
38	YD/NC	The down side signal of TP
39	XL/NC	The left side signal of TP
40	YU/NC	The up side signal of TP

4. Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	MIN	Typ	MAX	Unit	Remark
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.5	-	5.0	V	-
Operating Temperature	TOPR	-20	-	70	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-30	-	80	°C	-

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

Item		Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
Supply Voltage		VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input Signal Voltage	Low Level	VIL	GND	-	0.3x VDD	V	
	High Level	VIH	0.7x VDD	-	VDD	V	
Output Signal Voltage	Low Level	VOL	GND	-	VDD+0.4	V	
	High Level	VOH	VDD-0.4	-	-	V	

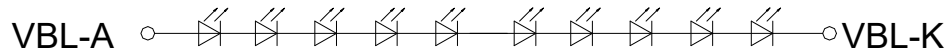
5.2 LED Driving Conditions

Item	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit	Remark
Forward Current	I_F	-	20	25	mA	
Forward Voltage	V_F	30	32	34	V	
Backlight Power consumption	W_{BL}	-	TBD	-	W	
LED Lifetime		-	25000	-	Hrs	

Note 1: Each LED: $I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$, $V_F = 3.2 \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$.

Note 2: Optical performance should be evaluated at $T_a = 25^\circ \text{C}$ only.

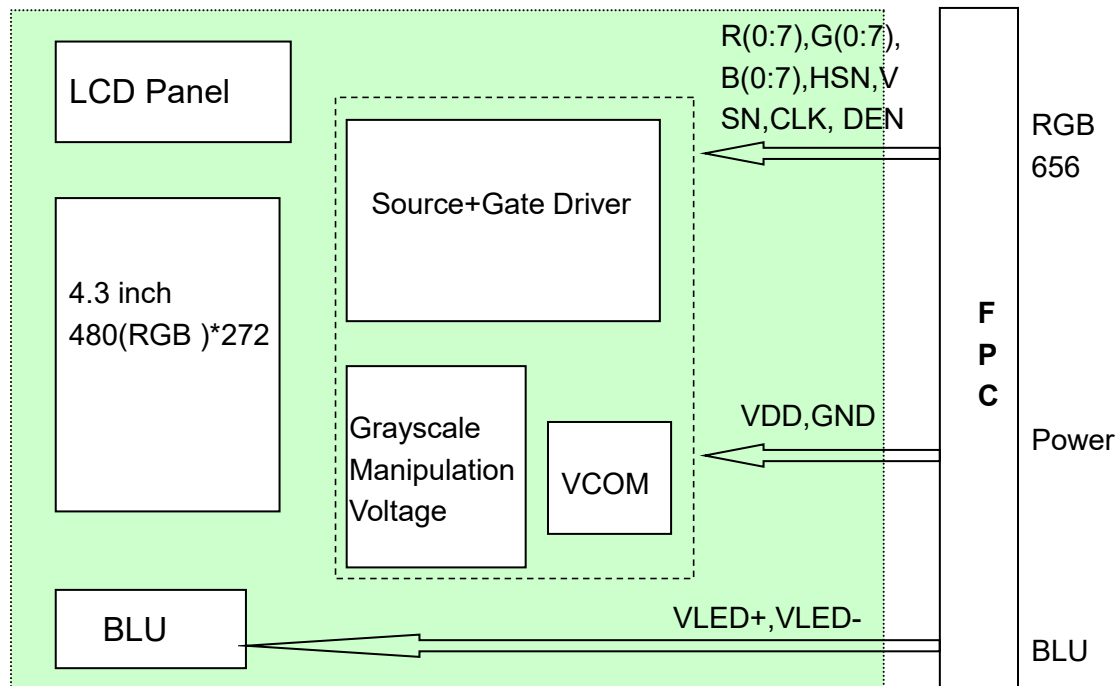
Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life Time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

Figure: LED connection of backlight(Constant Current)

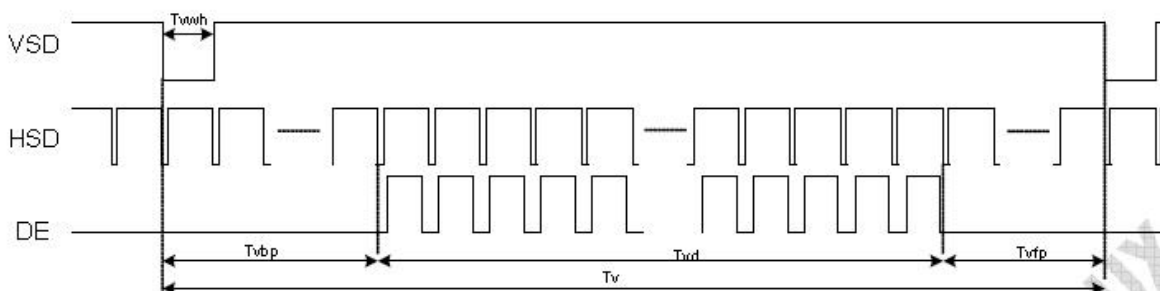
5.3 Block Diagram



6. Interface Timing

6.1 Timing relationship among DE, Source Output, Gate Output, Vcom

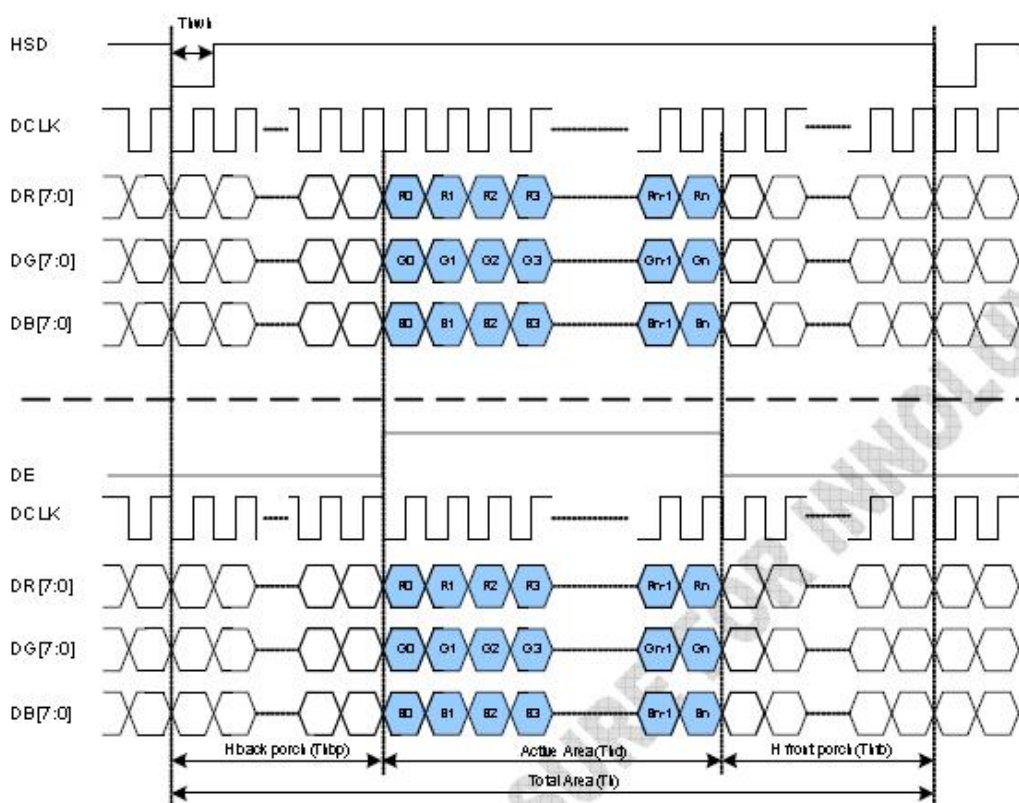
Vertical input timing



6.2 Parallel RGB Data Format

Parallel RGB Mode Data format

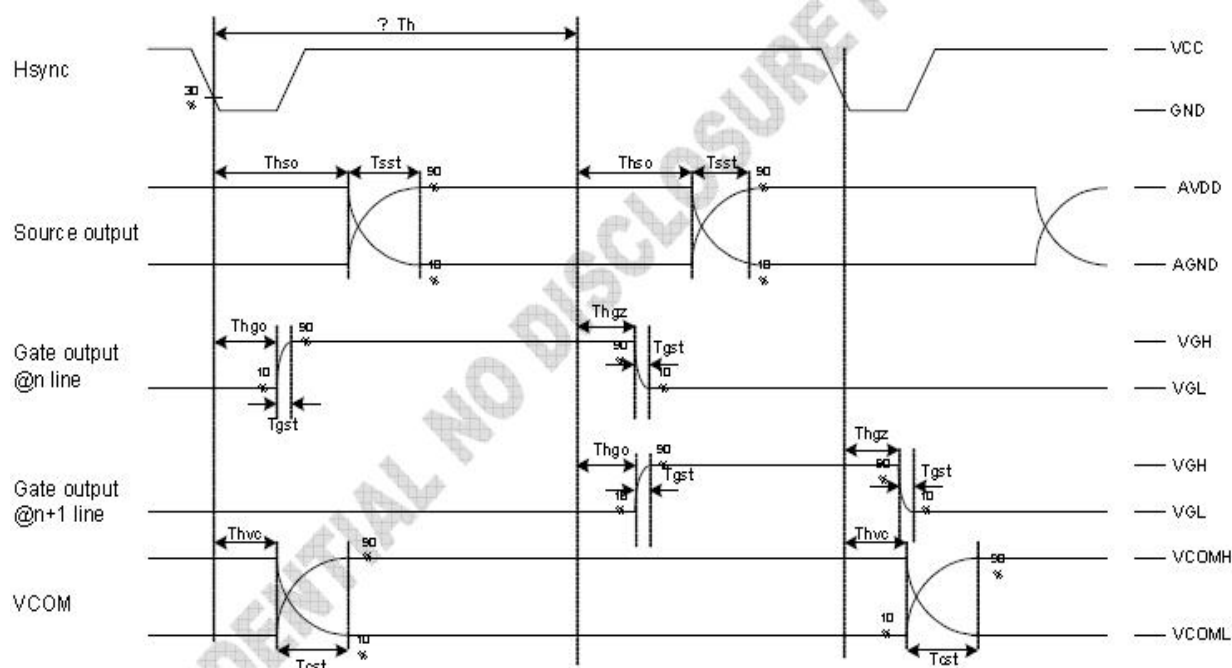
(HV Mode)



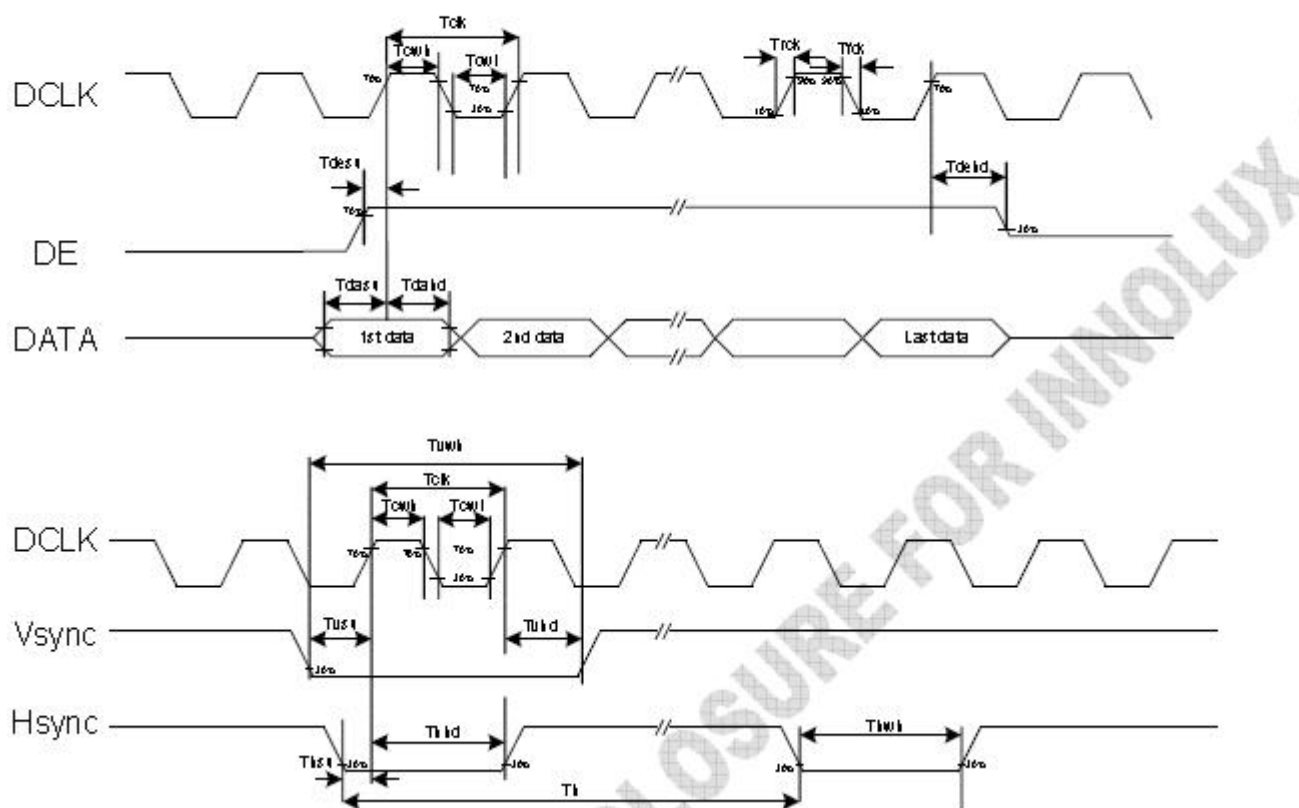
Parallel RGB input timing table

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
DCLK frequency	fclk	5	9	12	MHz
VSD period time	Tv	277	288	400	H
VSD display area	Tvd	272			H
VSD back porch	Tvb	3	8	31	H
VSD front porch	Tvfp	2	8	97	H
HSD period time	Th	520	525	800	DCLK
HSD display area	Thd	480			DCLK
HSD back porch	Thbp	36	40	255	DCLK
HSD front porch	Thfp	4	5	65	DCLK

Output Timing Diagram



Clock and Data Input Waveforms



7. Optical Characteristics

Items		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Remark	Note
Response time		Tr+Tf	-	-	25	50	ms	FIG.1	Note4
Contrast Ratio		CR		400	500	-	-	FIG.2	Note1
Surface luminance		LV	$\theta = 0^\circ$	-	500	-	cd/m ²	FIG.2	Note2
Luminance uniformity		Yu	$\theta = 0^\circ$	75	80	-	%	FIG.2	Note3
NTSC		-	$\theta = 0^\circ$	-	50	-	%	FIG.2	Note5
Viewing angle		θ_T	Center CR $\geq$ 10	40	50	-	deg	FIG.3	Note6
		θ_B		60	70	-	deg	FIG.3	
		θ_L		60	70	-	deg	FIG.3	
		θ_R		60	70	-	deg	FIG.3	
Chromaticity	Red	R _X	$\theta = 0^\circ$ $\phi = 0^\circ$ Ta=25°	TBD	TBD	TBD	-	FIG.2 CIE1931	Note5
		R _Y		TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
	Green	G _X		TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
		G _Y		TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
	Blue	B _X		TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
		B _Y		TBD	TBD	TBD	-		
	White	W _X		0.26	0.31	0.36	-		
		W _Y		0.28	0.33	0.38	-		

Note1. Definition of contrast ratio

Contrast ratio(Cr) is defined mathematically by the following formula.

For more information see FIG.2.

Contrast ratio= $\frac{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "White" state}}{\text{Luminance measured when LCD on the "Black" state}}$

For contrast ratio, Surface Luminance, Luminance uniformity and CIE,the testing data is base on TOPCON's BM-5 or BM-7 photo detector or compatible.

Note2. Definition of surface luminance

Surface luminance is the luminance with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG.2.

Lv = Average Surface Luminance with all white pixels(P1,P2,P3,Pn)

Note3. Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity in surface luminance is determined by measuring luminance at each test position 1 through n, and then dividing the maximum luminance of n points luminance by minimum luminance of n points luminance.For more information see FIG.2.

$Y_u = \frac{\text{Minimum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn)}}{\text{Maximum surface luminance with all white pixels (P1,P2,P3,.....,Pn)}}$

Note4. Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the LCD optical switching time interval between "White" state and "Black" state. Rise time (Tr) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 90% to 10%. And fall time (Tf) is the time between photo detector output intensity changed from 10% to 90%.

For additional information see FIG1.

Note5. Definition of color chromaticity (CIE1931)

CIE (x,y) chromaticity, The x,y value is determined by screen active area center position P5. For more information see FIG.2.

Note6. Definition of viewing angle

Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. Angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface.

For more information see FIG.3.

For viewing angle and response time testing, the testing data is base on Autronic-Melchers's ConoScope or DMS series Instruments or compatible.

FIG.1. The definition of response Time

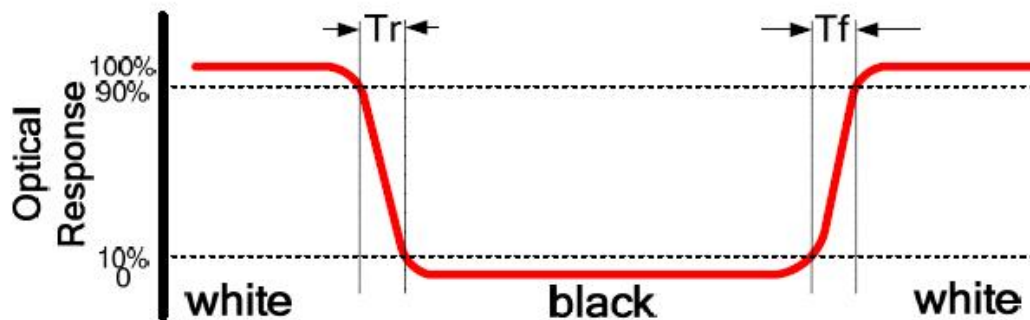


FIG.2. Measuring method for contrast ratio, surface luminance, luminance uniformity, CIE (x,y) chromaticity

Size : $S \leq 5"$ (see Figure a)

A : 5 mm B : 5 mm

H, V : Active area

Light spot size $\phi = 5\text{mm}$ (BM-5) or $\phi = 7.7\text{mm}$ (BM-7) 50cm distance or compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens.

test spot position : see Figure a.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c).

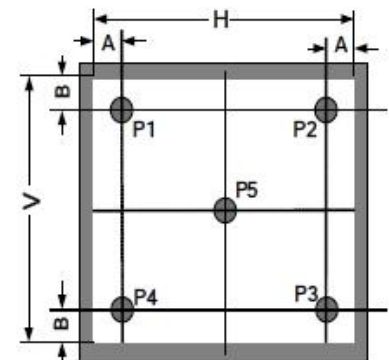


Figure a

Size : $5" < S \leq 12.3"$ (see Figure b)

H, V : Active area

Light spot size $\phi = 5\text{mm}$ (BM-5) or $\phi = 7.7\text{mm}$ (BM-7) 50cm distance or compatible distance from the LCD surface to detector lens.

test spot position : see Figure b.

measurement instrument : TOPCON's luminance meter BM-5 or BM-7 or compatible (see Figure c).

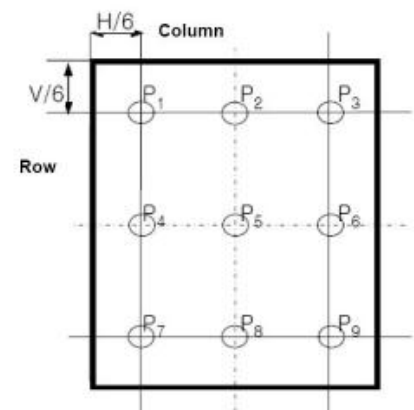


Figure b

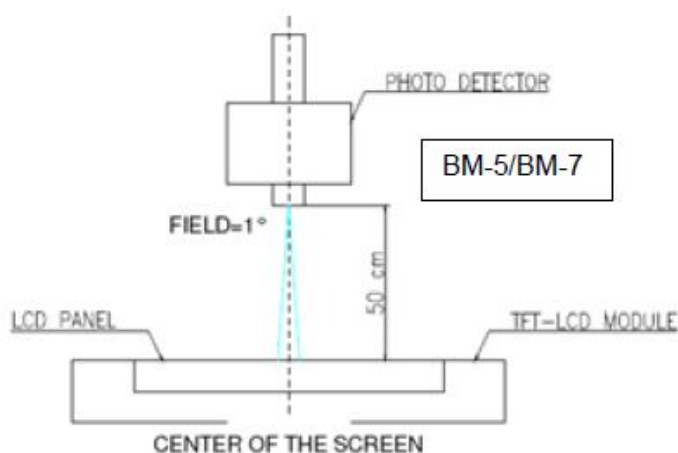
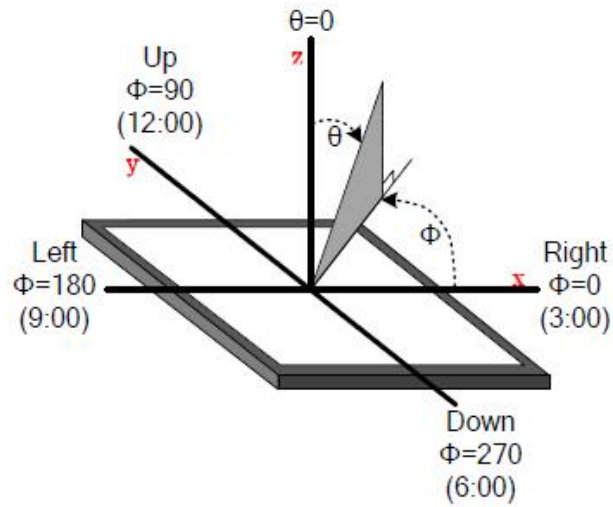


Figure c

FIG.3. The definition of viewing angle



8. Environmental / Reliability Tests

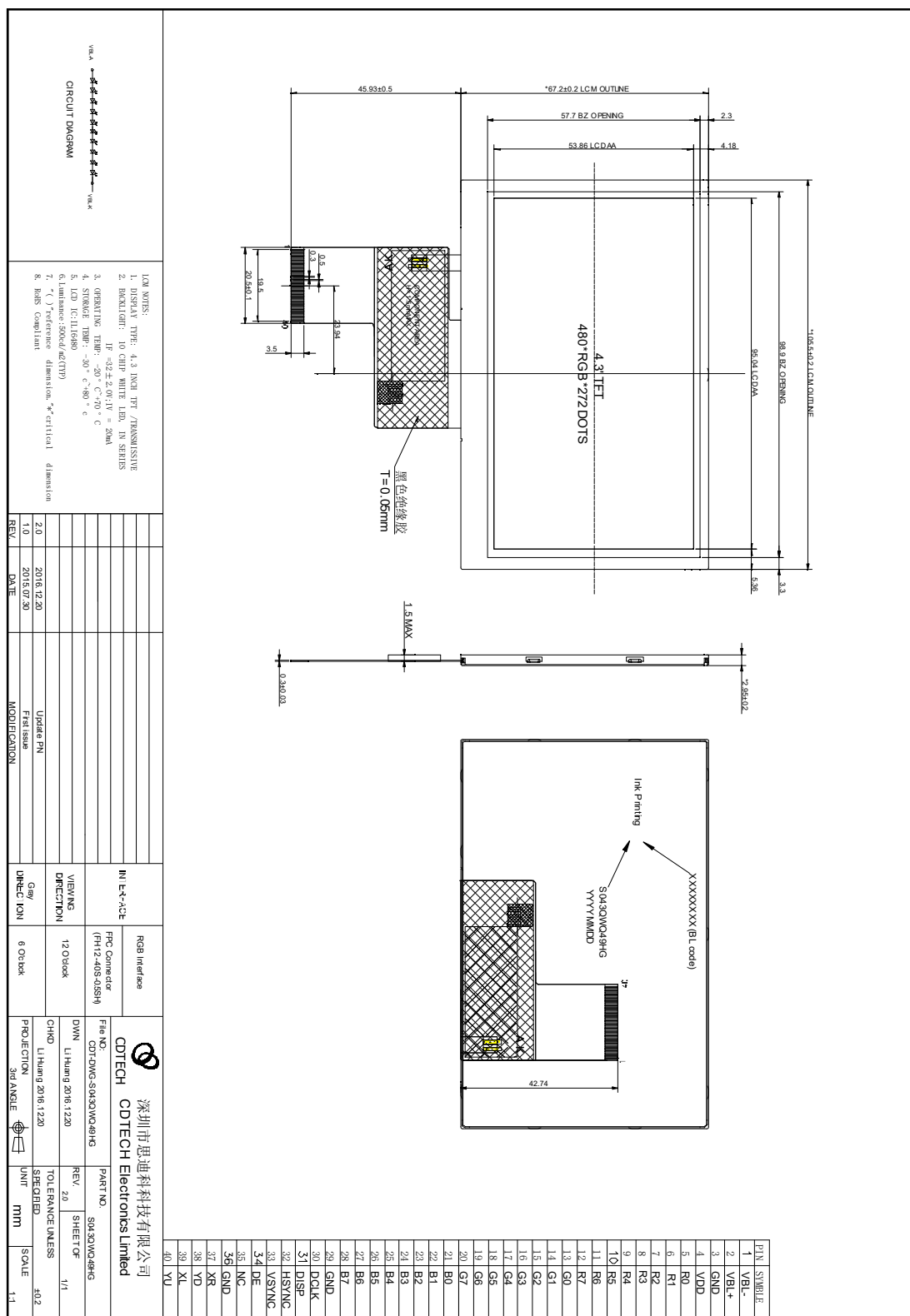
No	Test Item	Condition	Remarks
1	High Temperature Operation	T _s = +70°C, 96hrs	Note 1 IEC60068-2-2, GB2423. 2-89
2	Low Temperature Operation	T _a = -20°C, 96hrs	Note 2 IEC60068-2-1 GB2423.1-89
3	High Temperature Storage	T _a = +80°C, 120hrs	IEC60068-2-2 GB2423. 2-89
4	Low Temperature Storage	T _a = -30°C, 120hrs	IEC60068-2-1 GB/T2423.1-89
5	High Temperature & Humidity Storage	T _a = +60°C, 90% RH max,120 hours	IEC60068-2-3 GB/T2423.3-2006
6	Thermal Shock (Non-operation)	-20°C 30 min ~ +60°C 30 min Change time: 5min, 30 Cycle	Start with cold temperature, end with high temperature IEC60068-2-14, GB2423.22-87
7	Electro Discharge (Operation) Static	C=150pF, R=330 Ω, 5 points/panel Air:±8KV, 5 times; Contact: ±4KV, 5 times; (Environment: 15°C ~ 35°C, 30% ~ 60%, 86Kpa ~ 106Kpa)	IEC61000-4-2 GB/T17626.2-1998
8	Vibration (Non-operation)	Frequency range: 10~55Hz, Stroke: 1mm Sweep: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each direction of X .Y. Z. (package condition)	IEC60068-2-6 GB/T2423.5-1995
9	Shock (Non-operation)	60G 6ms, ± X, ±Y , ± Z 3 times for each direction	IEC60068-2-27 GB/T2423.5-1995
10	Package Drop Test	Height: 80 cm, 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	IEC60068-2-32 GB/T2423.8-1995

Note: 1. T_s is the temperature of panel's surface.

2. T_a is the ambient temperature of sample.

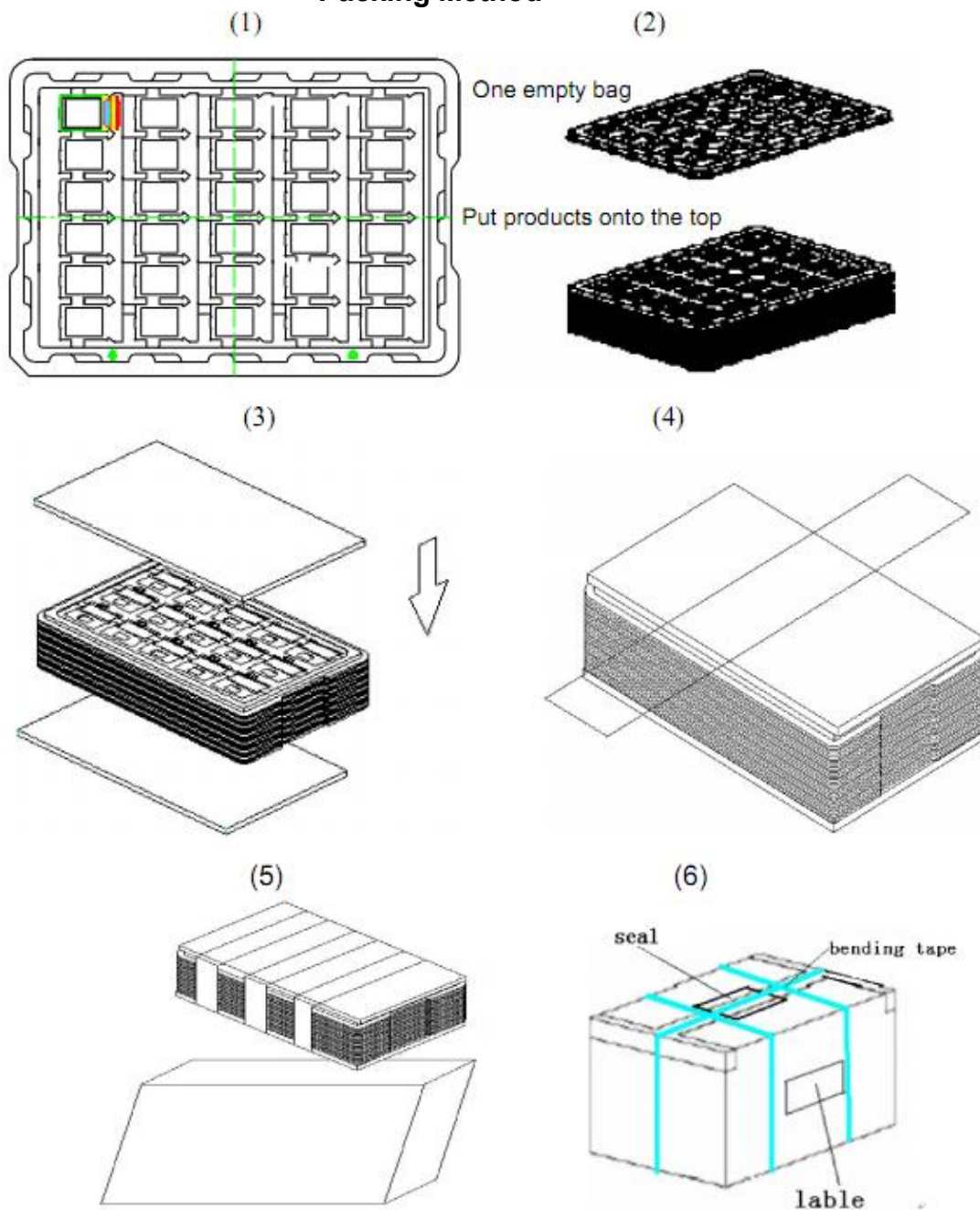
3. The size of sample is 5pcs.

9. Mechanical Drawing



10. Packing

Packing Method



1. Put module into tray cavity:
2. Tray stacking
3. Put 1 cardboard under the tray stack and 1 cardboard above:
4. Fix the cardboard to the tray stack with adhesive tape:
5. Put the tray stack into carton.
6. Carton sealing with adhesive tape.

11. Precautions for Use of LCD modules

11.1 Handling Precautions

11.1.1. The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it from a high place, etc.

11.1.2. If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance inside it leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth, if the substance comes into contact with your skin or clothes, promptly wash it off using soap and water.

11.1.3. Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.

11.1.4. The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.

11.1.5. If the display surface is contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If still not completely clear, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:

- Isopropyl alcohol
- Ethyl alcohol

Solvents other than those mentioned above may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following:

- Water
- Ketene
- Aromatic solvents

11.1.6. Do not attempt to disassemble the LCD Module.

11.1.7. If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.

11.1.8. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.

11.1.8.1. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD Modules.

11.1.8.2. Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly ground.

11.1.8.3. To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions.

11.1.8.4. The LCD Module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Be care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

11.2 Storage Precautions

11.2.1. When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps.

11.2.2. The LCD modules should be stored under the storage temperature range. If the LCD modules will be stored for a long time, the recommend condition is:

Temperature : 0°C ~ 40°C Relatively humidity: ≤80%

11.2.3. The LCD modules should be stored in the room without acid, alkali and harmful gas.

11.3 Transportation Precautions

The LCD modules should be no falling and violent shocking during transportation, and also should avoid excessive press, water, damp and sunshine.